

Franklin International

Safety Data Sheet

Desford 4142

Section 1. Identification

| | |
|--|--|
| Product name | : Desford 4142 |
| Product code | : 66010700 |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Address | : Franklin International 2020 Bruck Street Columbus Ohio 43207 |
| Contact person | : Franklin Technical Services |
| Telephone | : (800) 877-4583 |
| In case of emergency | : (614) 445-1300 |
| Reference number | : 6012 |
| Product code | : 66010700 |
| Date of revision | : 9/15/2017 |
| Print date | : 9/15/2017 |
| Chemtrec (24 Hour) | : (800) 424 - 9300 |
| Chemtrec International | : (703) 527 - 3887 |
| Chemical family | : Adhesive. |
| <u>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</u> | |
| Supplier's details | : PCL Adhesives 1/15 Trugood Drive, East Tamaki, Auckland, New Zealand 09 271 3556 |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : 0800 764 766 24 hrs |
| e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS | : sds@FranklinInternational.com |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| HSNO Classification | : 6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category A 6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant) |
|---------------------|--|

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Regulations 2001.

This material is not classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

GHS label elements

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Signal word | : Warning |
| Hazard statements | : Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. |

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazards identification

- Prevention** : Read label before use. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep out of reach of children. Wash thoroughly after handling. If medical advice is needed: Have product container or label at hand.
- Response** : IF ON SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs, seek medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : Not applicable.
- Symbol** :



Other hazards which do not result in classification : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.

| Ingredient name | % (w/w) | CAS number |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | 1 - 5 | 112-34-5 |
| aluminium chloride, anhydrous | 1 - 5 | 7446-70-0 |
| methanol | 0.5 - 1 | 67-56-1 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : No specific data.
Ingestion : No specific data.
Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 irritation
 redness
 dryness
 cracking
Eyes : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain or irritation
 watering
 redness

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments : Not available.
Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Not suitable : None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
 carbon dioxide
 carbon monoxide
 halogenated compounds
 metal oxide/oxides
Hazchem code : Not available.
Special precautions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Precautions for safe handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 10 to 32°C (50 to 89.6°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|---|
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol aluminium chloride, anhydrous methanol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 6/2016). WES-TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 6/2016). Absorbed through skin. WES-TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

WES-STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Eye protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Yellow. [Light]

Odor : Faint odor.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 2.3 to 3.3

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : 100°C (212°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F) [Setaflash.]

Evaporation rate : <1 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--|---|
| VOC (less water, less exempt solvents) | : 33 g/l |
| Vapor pressure | : Not available. |
| Vapor density | : Not available. |
| Relative density | : 1.09 |
| Volatility | : 52% (w/w) |
| Solubility | : Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. |
| Solubility in water | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Not available. |
| Flow time (ISO 2431) | : Not available. |
| <u>Aerosol product</u> | |
| Type of aerosol | : Not applicable. |
| Heat of combustion | : Not available. |
| Ignition distance | : Not applicable. |
| Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent | : Not applicable. |
| Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density | : Not applicable. |
| Flame height | : Not applicable. |
| Flame duration | : Not applicable. |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. |
| Incompatible materials | : No specific data. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| | |
|------------|---------------------|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
dryness
cracking

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2700 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4500 mg/kg | - |
| aluminium chloride, anhydrous | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3450 mg/kg | - |
| methanol | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 145000 ppm | 1 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 64000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 15800 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5600 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 20 milligrams | - |
| aluminium chloride, anhydrous | Skin - Severe irritant | Mouse | - | 10 Percent | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Pig | - | 10 Percent | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 10 Percent | - |
| methanol | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 40 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 milligrams | - |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Eyes : This product may irritate eyes upon contact.

Respiratory : Inhalation of oil mist or vapors at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

Sensitization

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---------------------------|------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | Category B | Oral Skin | Not determined Not determined |
| methanol | Category A | Inhalation Inhalation | Not determined Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|--|--|----------|
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol aluminium chloride, anhydrous methanol | Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 10.02 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 460 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1500 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 3.65 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 610 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 3289 to 4395 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Danio rerio - Egg | 96 hours |

Section 12. Ecological information

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|
| | Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| methanol | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|---------------------------|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | 1 | - | low |
| methanol | -0.77 | <10 | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| Regulatory information | UN number | Proper shipping name | Classes | PG* | Label | Additional information |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------|-----|-------|------------------------|
| New Zealand Class | Not regulated. | - | - | - | | - |
| ADG Class | Not regulated. | - | - | - | | - |
| UN Class | Not regulated. | - | - | - | | - |
| ADR/RID Class | Not regulated. | - | - | - | | - |
| IATA Class | Not regulated. | - | - | - | | - |
| IMDG Class | Not regulated. | - | - | - | | - |

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

| | |
|---|--|
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| HSNO Approval Number | : HSR002670 |
| HSNO Group Standard | : Surface Coatings and Colourants |
| HSNO Classification | : 6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category A 6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant) |
| Australia inventory (AICS) | : Not determined. |

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

International lists

National inventory

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Australia | : Not determined. |
| Canada | : Not determined. |
| China | : Not determined. |
| Europe | : Not determined. |
| Japan | : Japan inventory (ENCS) : Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL) : Not determined. |
| Malaysia | : Not determined. |
| Philippines | : Not determined. |
| Republic of Korea | : Not determined. |
| Taiwan | : Not determined. |
| Turkey | : Not determined. |
| United States | : All components are listed or exempted. |

Section 16. Other information

History

| | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Date of printing | : 9/15/2017 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 9/15/2017 |
| Date of previous issue | : 8/8/2017 |
| Version | : 1.2 |

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
UN = United Nations

References

: Not available.

📌 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.